## Smart Health: A path forward from today's reality to the vision

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Disclosures: I am a co-inventor of two patient medical record products — one licensed to McKesson, Inc., and one licensed to Informatics Corporation of America — from which I receive royalties through Vanderbilt University. I am a director of HealthStream, a public company, compensated by an annual option grant.



## **Basic Science** Implementation **Science Smart Health**





## Implementation Science

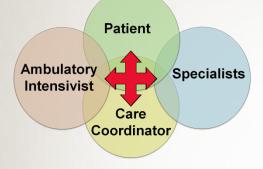
Basic Science

## System Innovation Changing perception of what is possible

## Translational Science



## **Example 1: Care process - My Health Team**



Team-based, informatics-enabled, management for targeted chronic co-morbid conditions (Hypertension, Congestive Heart Failure, Diabetes) to improve process reliability, physiologic control, resource utilization & evaluation

### Innovation

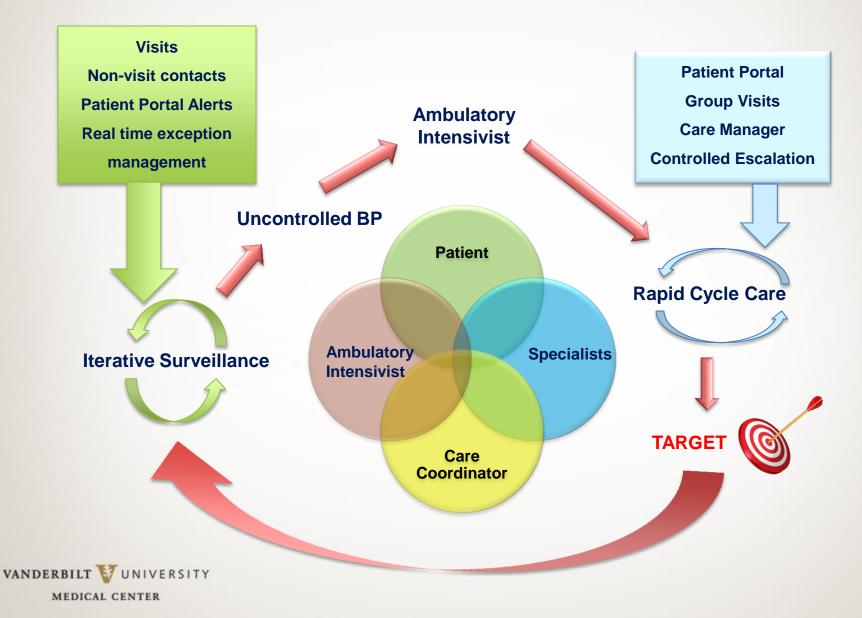
- Stratification algorithm triggers enrollment, process intensity & escalation
- Inter-disciplinary team personalizes & manages to care plan
- Process control & iterative design cycles support reliability & improvement

### Conventional Patient Centered Medical Home

- Every patient has a medical home
- Primary care coordinates with specialists
- Transparent metrics support accountability & improvement

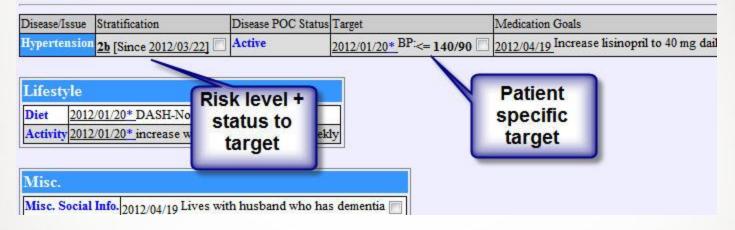


## My Health Team (microsystem view)



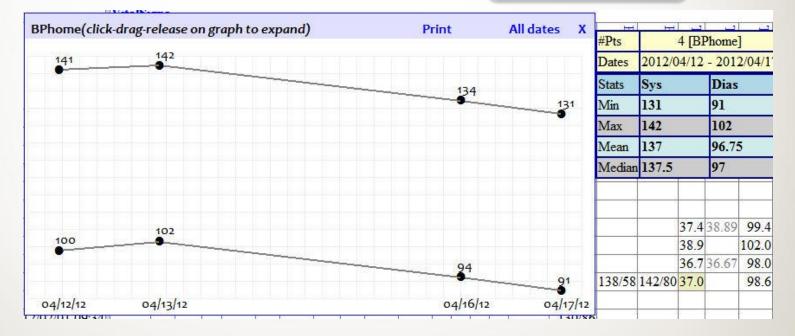
## **Common plan of care**

### ACTIVE Plan of Care - Last Modified by greggns on ]2012-04-19 14:25:12 View Only Mode,Switch to Edit





#### **Data from Home** Blood Pressure Journal Use this journal to record your blood pressure readings. Take your blood pressure each morning and evening. in the time (ex: 8:30), systolic reading, then diastolic reading. Then click submit. Read more about blood pressure and symptoms to watch for here. Target this week: 140/100 Long-term goal: 130/90 Date > Time (A.M.) Reading Time (P.M.) Reading 04/02/2012 08:00 142 18:00 128 82 76 04/03/2012 08:00 130 17:00 126 70 80 **To Clinic** 04/04/2012 08:00 1



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## **Process control dashboard**

### Patient Status: Active Patient Location(s): SUITE IV Active Diseases: Hypertension

### **Summary Statistics**

### Ask N

HTN Statistics							
HTN POC Cycle Status	95.7%	0.3%	4%	Total: <u>984</u>			
HTN CC F/U Status	87%	3.9%	3%	6.1%	Total: 984		
HTN RiskLevel 1 Distr (engaged >= 8 wks)	a: 83.1%	b: 13.3%	c: 3.6%	Total: 556			
HTN RiskLevel 2 Distr (engaged >= 8 wks)	a: 72.2%	b: 25.8%	c: 2%	Total: 299			
HTN RiskLevel 3 Distr (engaged >= 8 wks)	a: 42.9%	b: 42.9%	c: 14.3%	Total: <u>14</u>			



	Hypertension	LifeStyle	HomeBP	<u>PCP</u>	<u>Next PCP</u> <u>Visit</u>	Alerts
Process Control	2-b			Habermann, Ralf C	2012-09-20 10:00:00	
Detail View	1-b		-	Habermann, Ralf C	2012-06-14 15:00:00	
	1-a			Habermann, Ralf C	2012-08-23 14:45:00	
	1-a		-	Karlekar, Mohana B	2012-04-25 08:20:00	PCPv:(04/25)
	1-a		-	Habermann, Ralf C	2012-05-24 13:45:00	
	1-b		-	Denny, Joshua C	2012-10-23 09:00:00	
	1-b		-	Griffin, Marie R		
VANDERBILT VUNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER	1-a			Jirjis <mark>,</mark> Jim N	2012-05-21 15:00:00	

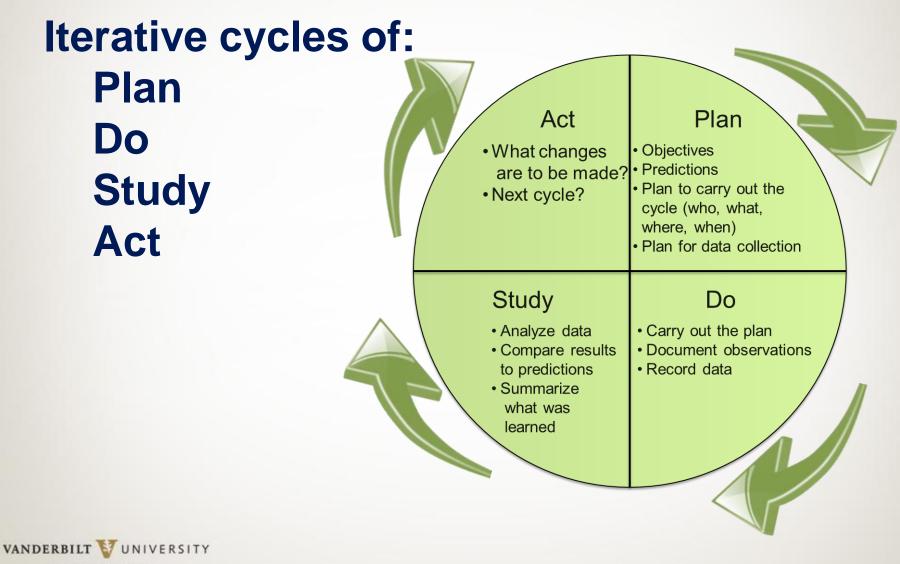
## **Results as of week of January 2013**

## 5,081 patients with hypertension

- 78.5% control rate for patients after 8 weeks
- Typical population control rate -- 45-55%
- Significant levels of engagement
  - 72-87% of patients journaling BP values
- Patients per Care Coordinator ~ 900-1000

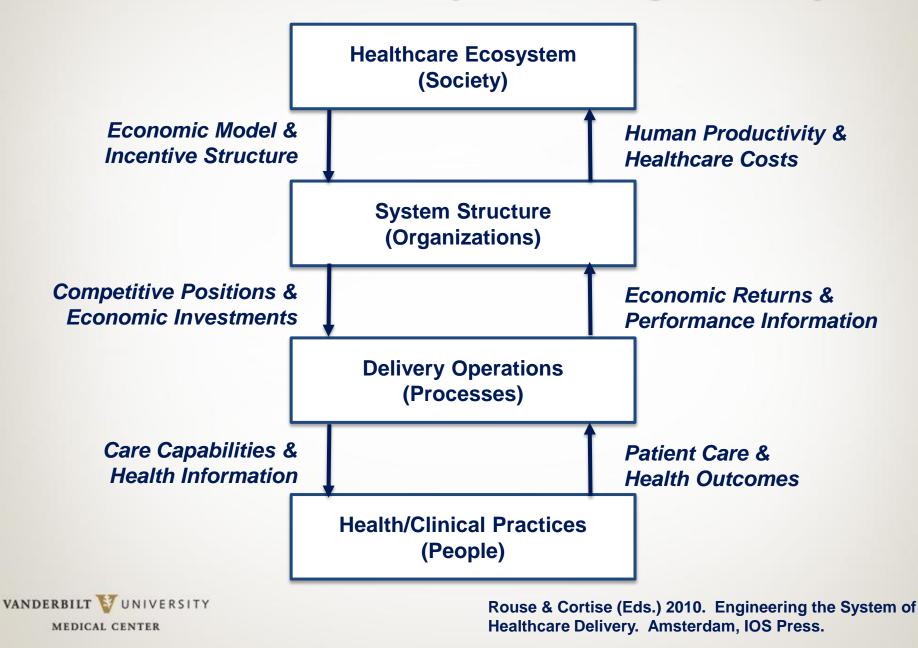


## **Today's care process optimization**



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## Vision: Model-based system design & analysis



## "What if" simulation of care process alternatives

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Site   Main Campus	ECL	Load	Defaul	ts			Sa	ive Run A	s			Default
# of patients 1072	ŧ	f of exam	rooms	8		sim	ulated	duration (	years)	5		
Change # (each type)	MD	8	MDS	3	cc [	2	MA	2	PSR	8	PCT	3
Annual Salary (inc benefits)	MD	250000	MDS	300000	cc [	82000	MA	34000	PSR	40000	PCT	60000
Visit Intervals (months)	1A	12	2A	6	3A [	3	В	1				
Contact Int. (months)	<b>1</b> A	6	2A	6	3A [	3	В	3				
Monitoring & Surveillance In	t. (wee	eks)	A	6	в	3						
Unsched. Contact Int. (days)		14 Lif	estyle I	nt. (days) [	14	Elig.	Int. (da	ys)	7	New Coho	rt Size	20
Provider Schedules MD	,MoTu	WeThFr,0	300,113	30 MDS,Mo	TuWeT	hFr,0800,	1130 C	C,MoTuW	eThFr,0	0800, <mark>1</mark> 630	IM.	Change
Initial Risk Distribution			IA: 0.30	5, 1B: 0.29	0, 2A: 0	.169, 2B:	0.183,	3A: 0.023,	3B: 0.0	15, C: 0.0	15	Change
Transition Probabilities 0.7	4,0.18,	0.07,0,0,0	,0.01 0	.32,0.63,0.0	01,0.03	,0,0,0.01	0.05,0.0	1,0.65,0.2	23,0.01	0.02,0.03	0,0	Change
Legend											_	
MD = Medical Doctor MDS = MD Specialist CC = Care Coordinator MA = Medical Assistant PSR = Patient Services Representative											Ru	n

#### Dashboard

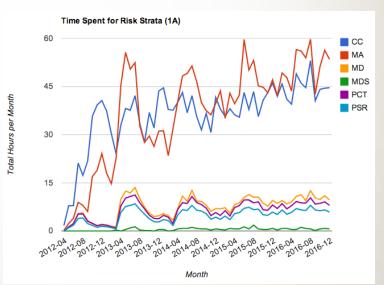
<u>Ga Tech Contributors</u>: Rahul C. Basole PhD, Dr. Mark Braunstein, Trustin Clear, Hyunwoo Park, William B. Rouse PhD

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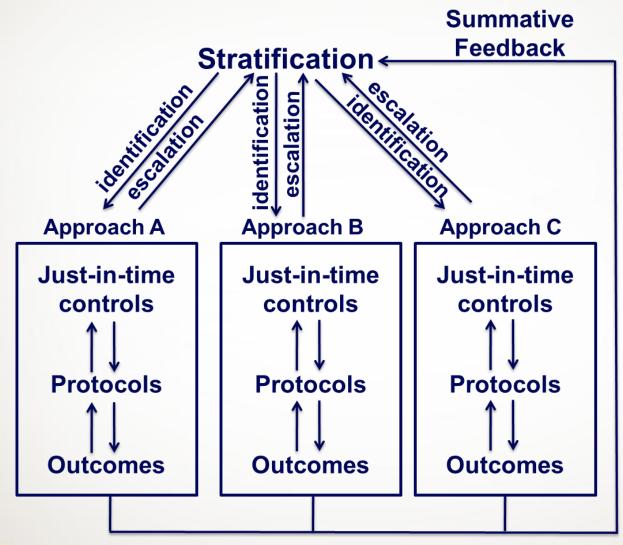
	1A	1B	2A	2B	3A	3B	С
1A	0.66	0.09	0.15	0.06	0	0	0.04
1B	0.52	0.11	0.2	0.09	0.01	0	0.07
2A	0.07	0.03	0.7	0.14	0.01	0.01	0.04
<b>2</b> B	0.14	0.04	0.54	0.19	0.01	0.01	0.07
3A	0.09	0.03	0.55	0.14	0.09	0.03	0.07
3B	0.11	0.04	0.51	0.16	0.07	0.03	0.08
С	0.38	0.1	0.27	0.11	0.01	0.01	0.12

**Transition Probability Matrix** 

#### Sample Results



## Vision: Adapting protocols to individual characteristics using control & feedback



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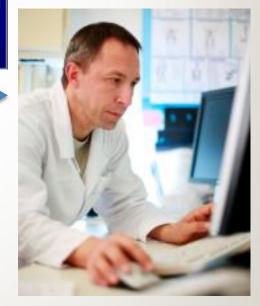
## **Example 2: Patient Engagement**



## Patient records data to plan of care

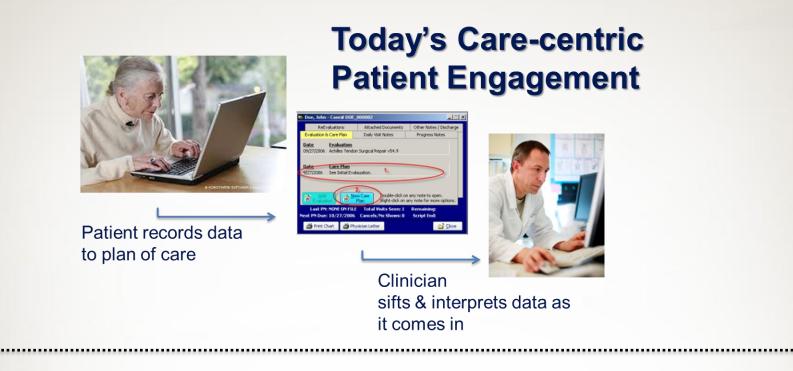


Clinician sifts & interprets data as it comes in





### Today's approach is care-centric



Data

Patient involvement Clinician interaction

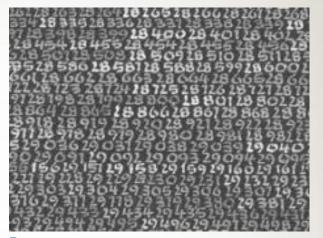
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- Episodic and sparse data collection, limited to health information patient chooses to actively upload
- Requires additional work from the patient to enter data into health journal or portal
- Requires additional work from clinician to interpret data entered by patient provides little incremental value in a vacuum

## Vision – Individual Life Management



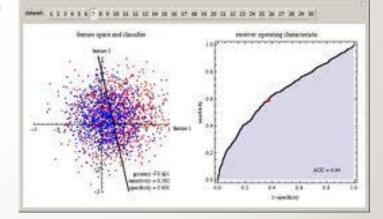
Aids improve quality of life & care plan adherence Sensors collect robust data continuously



### Data streams support pattern recognition

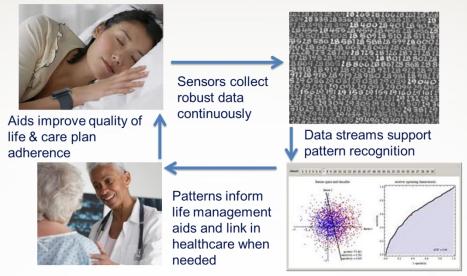


Patterns inform life management aids and link in healthcare when needed





### **Vision – Individual Life Management**

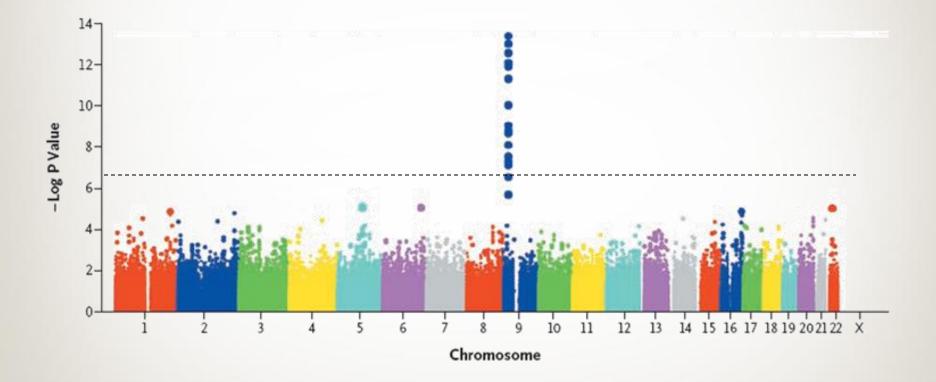


- Sensors gather a rich variety of data. Context sensitive "whole life" algorithms detect patterns and inform individual life management aids.
- Individual is supported in active life management, visualizing trends, potential for change, and actionable steps
- Individual is alerted to link in healthcare when appropriate, proactively targeting clinician interaction to areas of concern
- Privacy is protected by restricting access to summary interpretation/trends unless drill down is requested & permitted

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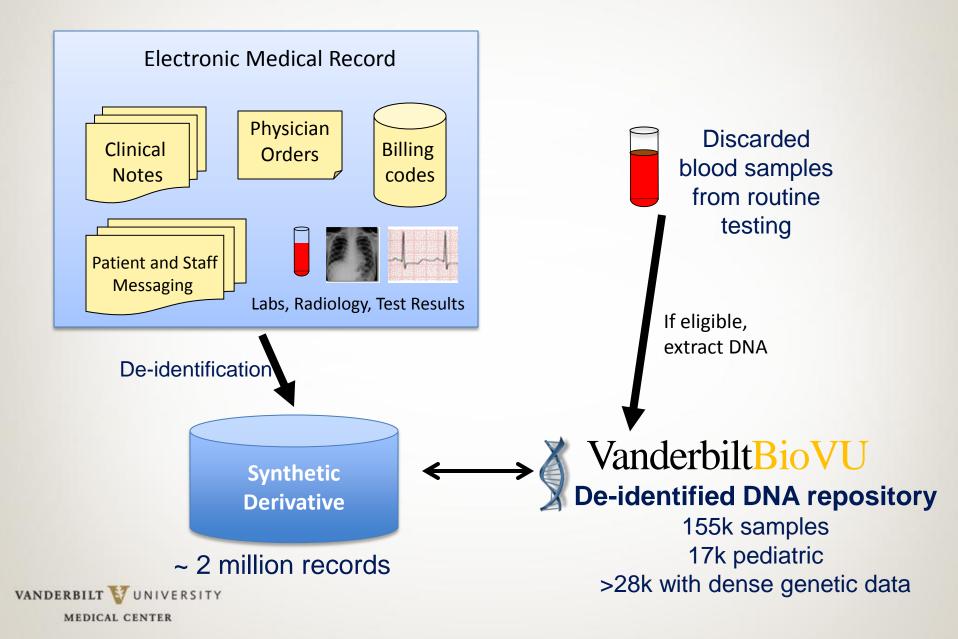
## **Example 3: Harnessing healthcare for discovery**

Today' standard: Genome-wide association study (GWAS)

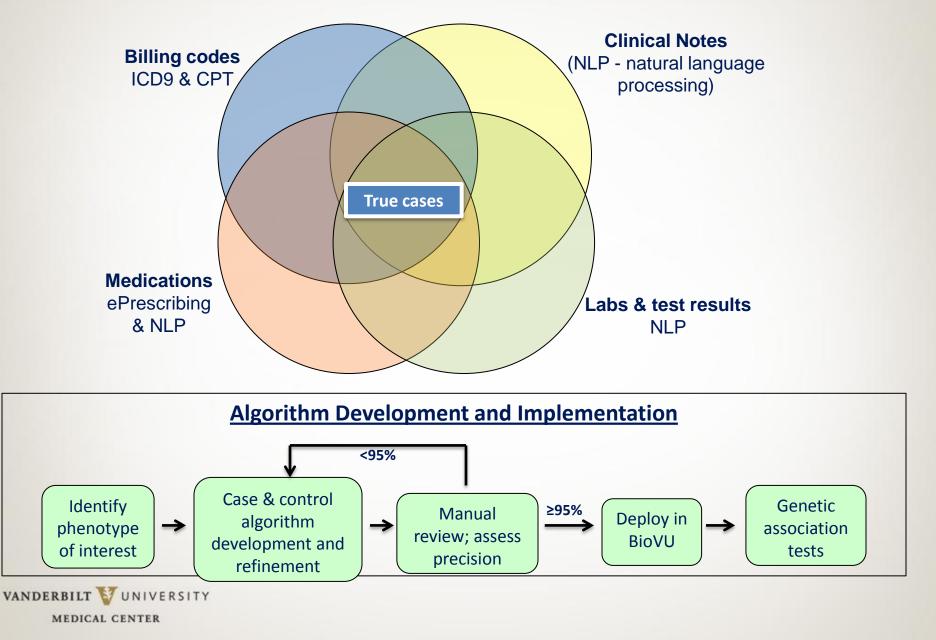




### The electronic medical record as a platform for research

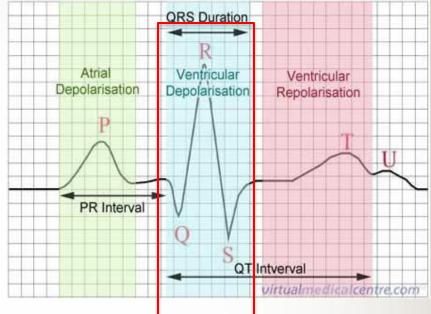


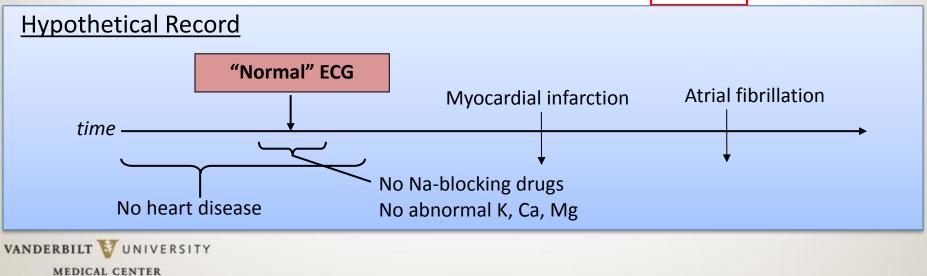
## **Finding phenotypes in the EMR**



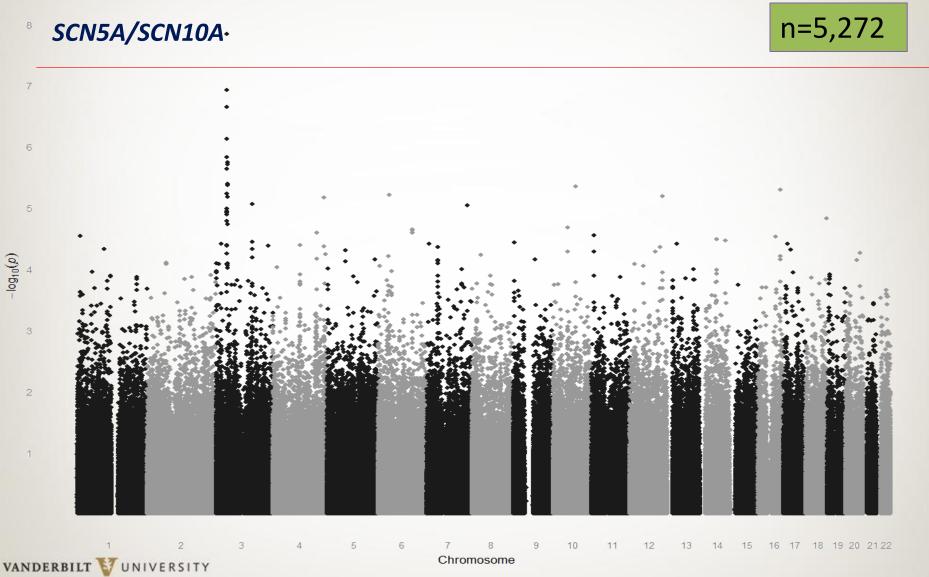
## **Proof of concept: normal cardiac conduction**

- Find individuals with <u>normal</u> cardiac conduction
- Find genetic variants associated with QRS duration





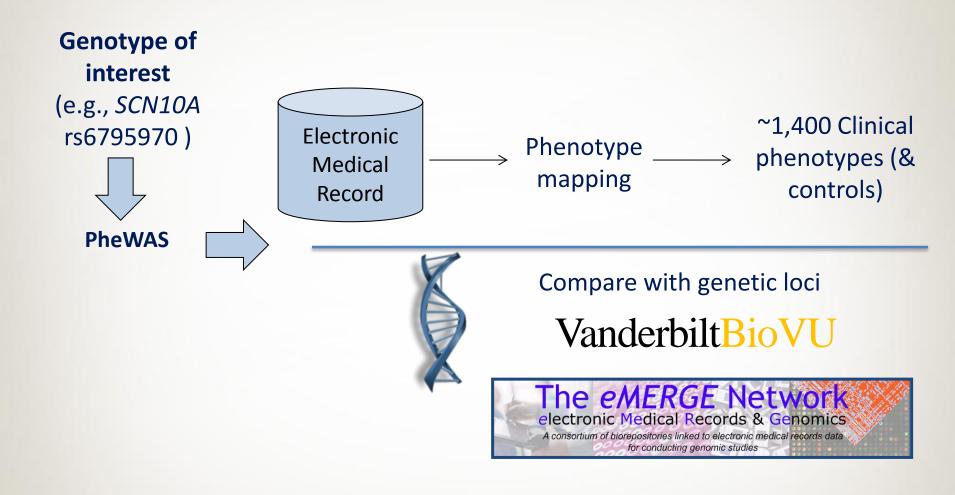
## **GWAS of QRS duration**



Ritchie et al. Circulation 2013

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## "PheWAS" – Phenome-wide association study

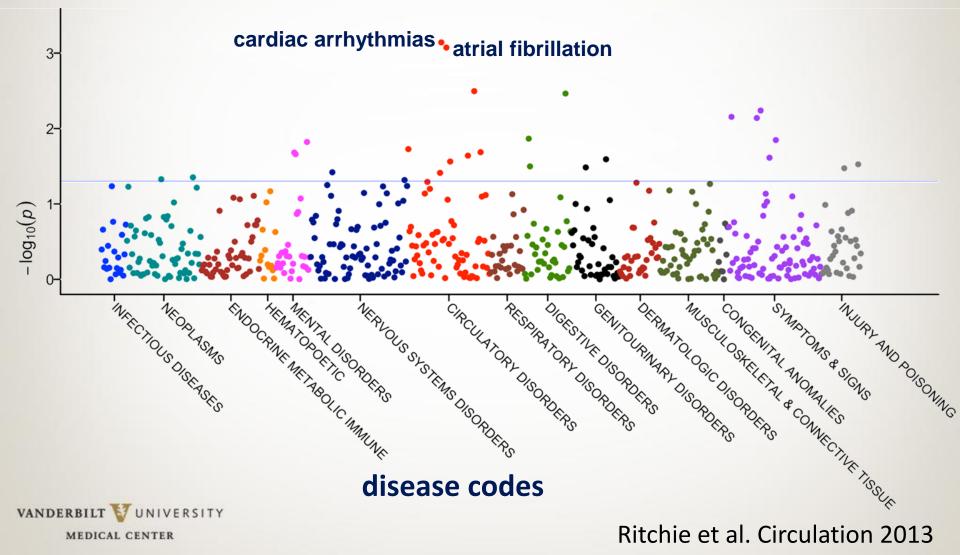


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Denny et al. Bioinformatics. 2010

## PheWAS of rs6795970 (SCN10A) (associated with longer QRS duration in normal hearts)

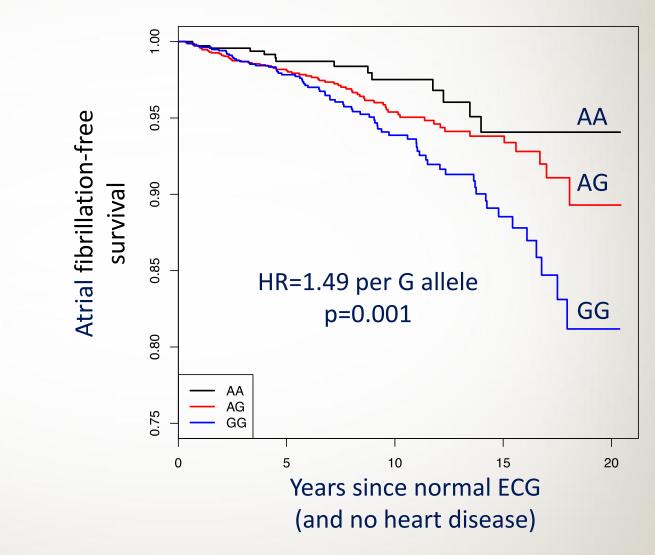
N=13617 subjects



## In silico "trial" of what happens in the "heart healthy" population?

Examined the n=5272 "heart healthy" population

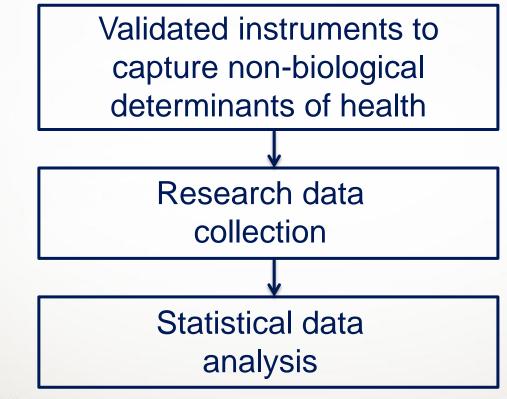
Followed for development of **atrial fibrillation** based on genotype





# Vision: adding non-biologic determinants of health

## Step 1: Health services & social science research



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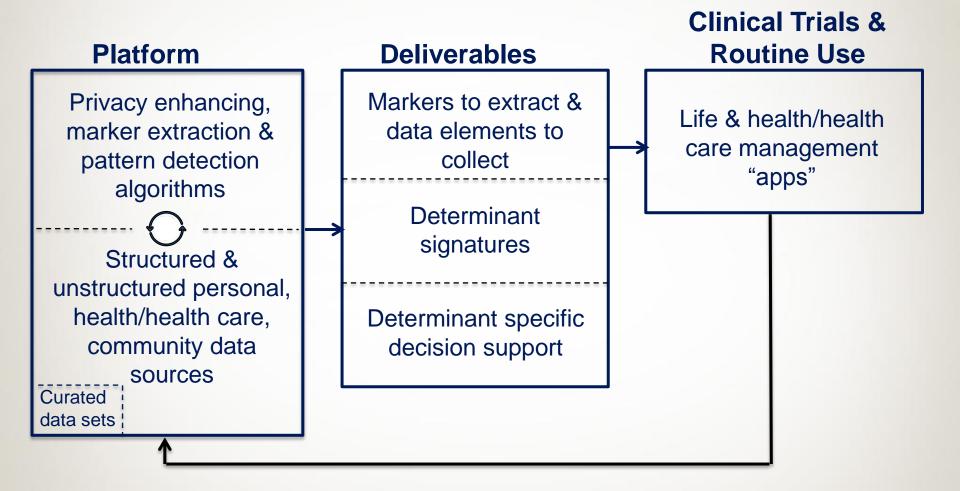
# Vision: adding non-biologic determinants of health

Step 2: Population-scale "whole person" data for hypothesis generation & algorithm development

Structured & unstructured personal, health/health care, community data sources Privacy enhancing, marker extraction & pattern detection algorithms



## End game vision: executable knowledge to support "whole person" health/medicine





## **Smart Health: Path toward the vision**

Harness Health/Healthcare as "real world" test beds:

- Adapt "non-system" to "system-based approaches" on a small scale to test approaches with potential to scale-up
- Use system engineering spiral development, feedback and control for proof of concept & optimization
- Aggregate data broadly for "population scale" pattern detection & visualization
- "And" computational awareness with human reasoning under uncertainty & judgment
- Use modeling to explore & formalize relationships

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